**STAFFING IN SCHOOLS – 21 SEPT 2020 – ABSENCE AND ATTENDANCE**

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|  | CATEGORY | GUIDANCE | COMMENTS |
|  | STAFF WHO ARE SYMPTOMATIC WITH COVID SYMPTONS | If you have symptoms of COVID-19 (fever>37.8 OR continuous cough OR loss of taste and / or smell), however mild:   * Inform school that you have developed symptoms of COVID-19 * stay at home (self-isolate) and do not leave your house for 10 days from when your symptoms started * follow guidance for [households with possible coronavirus infection](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance/stay-at-home-guidance-for-households-with-possible-coronavirus-covid-19-infection) * Get tested (access a test [here](https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/testing-for-coronavirus/ask-for-a-test-to-check-if-you-have-coronavirus/)) * Inform school of the test result   Please follow guidance on test and trace and managing a suspected or confirmed case in an education setting, see 5 below  **These staff should not be at school** | Enter details of absence on ITrent system or your own HR system. When or if the member of staff feels well during this period then they can work from home.  Testing is now available for anyone who has symptoms of coronavirus.  The following groups of people can access priority testing through GOV.UK:   * essential workers in England * anyone in England who has symptoms of coronavirus and lives with an essential worker   Guidance on testing is available here: <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-getting-tested>  If staff member tests positive, follow guidance for category 3 (below).  If staff member tests negative they should follow the relevant guidance on this flow chart with regards to returning to work: [What to do if there is a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 in school](https://www.egfl.org.uk/coronavirus/what-do-if-there-suspected-or-confirmed-case-covid-19-school)  For staff who have self-isolated due to either they or someone in their household displaying symptons of Covid you do not need to continue to self-isolate if the test is negative, as long as:   * everyone you live with who has symptoms tests negative * everyone in your support bubble who has symptoms tests negative * you were not told to self-isolate for 14 days by NHS Test and Trace – if you were, see [what to do if you've been told you've been in contact with someone who has coronavirus](https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/testing-and-tracing/nhs-test-and-trace-if-youve-been-in-contact-with-a-person-who-has-coronavirus/) * you feel well – if you feel unwell, stay at home until you’re feeling better and no fever for 48 hours * If you have diarrhoea or you’re being sick, stay at home until 48 hours after they've stopped.   If you or others in your household have covid symptoms but cannot access testing, you must complete the self isolation period. |

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|  | STAFF WHO HAVE A MEMBER OF THEIR HOUSEHOLD WHO IS SYMPTOMATIC WITH COVID SYMPTONS | If a member of your household has symptoms of COVID-19 (fever>37.8 OR continuous cough OR loss of taste and / or smell), however mild, you should:   * stay at home (self-isolate) and not leave your house for 14 days from the date when the household member first had symptoms * Follow guidance for [households with possible coronavirus infection](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance/stay-at-home-guidance-for-households-with-possible-coronavirus-covid-19-infection) * Ensure your household member gets tested * Inform the school and get tested if you develop symptoms yourself   Please follow guidance as necessary on test and trace and managing a suspected or confirmed case in an education setting, see 5 below  Testing is now available for anyone who has symptoms of coronavirus.  The following groups of people can access priority testing through GOV.UK:   * essential workers in England * anyone in England who has symptoms of coronavirus and lives with an essential worker   Guidance on testing is available here: <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-getting-tested>  **These staff should not be at school.** | Enter details of absence on ITrent system or your own HR system  These staff can be asked to work from home.  If the staff member develops symptoms themselves, they should follow guidance for category 1 (above).  If the household member tests negative please follow the relevant guidance (and refer to links for further advice) on this flow chart [What to do if there is a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 in school](https://www.egfl.org.uk/coronavirus/what-do-if-there-suspected-or-confirmed-case-covid-19-school)  If the household member tests positive, the staff member should follow guidance for category 4 (below).  Please follow the guidance on the link below  <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance>  For Staff who have self-isolated due to either they or someone in their household displaying symptons of Covid, you do not need to continue to self-isolate if the test is negative, as long as:   * everyone you live with who has symptoms tests negative * everyone in your support bubble who has symptoms tests negative * you were not told to self-isolate for 14 days by NHS Test and Trace – if you were, see [what to do if you've been told you've been in contact with someone who has coronavirus](https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/testing-and-tracing/nhs-test-and-trace-if-youve-been-in-contact-with-a-person-who-has-coronavirus/) * you feel well – if you feel unwell, stay at home until you’re feeling better and no fever for 48 hours * If you have diarrhea or you’re being sick, stay at home until 48 hours after they've stopped.   If you or others in your household have covid symptoms but cannot access testing, you must complete the self isolation period. |

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|  | STAFF WHO HAVE BEEN DIAGNOSED WITH COVID 19 | Follow Medical Advice, inform the school, and refer to the guidance below  <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance/stay-at-home-guidance-for-households-with-possible-coronavirus-covid-19-infection>  Please follow guidance on test and trace and managing a suspected or confirmed case in an education setting, see 5 below  **These staff should not be at school** | Enter details of absence on ITrent system or your own HR system  School to:  **For single confirmed cases:**  Contact DfE’s helpline on 0800 046 8687 and select the option for reporting a positive case of coronavirus (Monday to Friday: 8am-6pm, and Sat/Sun:10am-4pm). An advisor will inform you what action is needed based on the latest public health advice, and work through a risk assessment to identify close contacts \*  Special schools can directly contact Public Health England London Coronavirus Response Cell (LCRC) on 0300 303 0450 for a single confirmed case.  Inform Raj Chowdhury (ChowdhuryR@ealing.gov.uk or 07568 130165) or Steve Dunham (DunhamS@ealing.gov.uk or 07940 546 263) and the Council’s public health team (publichealth@ealing.gov.uk).  \*A ‘contact’ is a defined as a person who has been close to someone who has tested positive for COVID-19 anytime from 2 days before the person was symptomatic up to 10 days from onset of symptoms (this is when they are infectious to others). For example, a contact can be:   * people who spend significant time in the same household as a person who has tested positive for COVID-19 * a person who has had face-to-face contact (within one metre), with someone who has tested positive for COVID-19, including:   + being coughed on   + having a face-to-face conversation within one metre   + having skin-to-skin physical contact, or   + contact within one metre for one minute or longer without face-to-face contact * a person who has been within 2 metres of someone who has tested positive for COVID-19 for more than 15 minutes * a person who has travelled in a small vehicle with someone who has tested positive for COVID-19 or in a large vehicle or plane near someone who has tested positive for COVID-19.   **For more than one confirmed case in 14 days, contact LCRC on** 0300 303 0450 (email [LCRC@phe.gov.uk](mailto:LCRC@phe.gov.uk) or [PHE.lcrc@nhs.net](mailto:PHE.lcrc@nhs.net)) |
|  | STAFF WHO HAVE MEMBERS OF THEIR HOUSEHOLD WHO HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED WITH COVID 19 | Stay at home (self-isolate) and not leave your house for 14 days from the date when the household member first had symptoms   * Follow guidance for [households with possible coronavirus infection](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance/stay-at-home-guidance-for-households-with-possible-coronavirus-covid-19-infection) * Inform the school and get tested if you develop symptoms yourself   Please follow guidance on test and trace and managing a suspected or confirmed case in an education setting, see 5 below  **These staff should not be at school** | Enter details of absence on ITrent system or your own HR system  These staff can be asked to work from home  In addition please follow the guidance on the link below <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance> |
|  | STAFF WHO HAVE BEEN ASKED TO SELF ISOLATE THROUGH THE TEST AND TRACE PROCESS (If they are a ‘close contact’ of a confirmed case of coronavirus) | Staff who have been contacted by the NHS test and trace service should follow any guidance given to them by the test and trace service  Stay at home (self-isolate) and do not leave your house for 14 days from the date when the household member first had symptoms   * Follow [guidance for contacts of people with possible or confirmed coronavirus](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/guidance-for-contacts-of-people-with-possible-or-confirmed-coronavirus-covid-19-infection-who-do-not-live-with-the-person/guidance-for-contacts-of-people-with-possible-or-confirmed-coronavirus-covid-19-infection-who-do-not-live-with-the-person) * Inform the school and get tested if you develop symptoms yourself   **These staff should not be at school** | For reference please see flowchart on dealing with a suspected or confirmed case of Covid 19 in school: [What to do if there is a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 in school](https://www.egfl.org.uk/coronavirus/what-do-if-there-suspected-or-confirmed-case-covid-19-school)  Link to Gov UK test and trace guidance <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/nhs-test-and-trace-how-it-works> |

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|  | STAFF WHO ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING IN THE CLINICALLY EXTREMELY VULNERABLE & SHIELDED GROUP | From the 1st August advice for clinically extremely vulnerable people is that they can go to work, if they cannot work from home, as long as the workplace is Covid secure and they maintain social distancing as much as is possible. Effectively from the 1st August the guidance for the clinically extremely vulnerable group will move in line with advice to those who are clinically vulnerable. See section 7 on the attached link. <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/staying-alert-and-safe-social-distancing/staying-alert-and-safe-social-distancing-after-4-july>    Therefore, we advise that those who are clinically extremely vulnerable can return to school in September 2020 provided their school has implemented the system of controls outlined in the DfE document about schools returning in September 2020 (<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools>) and in line with the school’s own workplace risk assessment. In all respects, the clinically extremely vulnerable should now follow the same guidance as the clinically vulnerable population, taking particular care to practise frequent, thorough hand washing, and cleaning of frequently touched areas in their home and/or workspace. | The guidance in the link below provides a list of those who would be classified as clinically extremely vulnerable  <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/guidance-on-shielding-and-protecting-extremely-vulnerable-persons-from-covid-19/guidance-on-shielding-and-protecting-extremely-vulnerable-persons-from-covid-19>  These staff should by now have been contacted and a confidential and sensitive discussion held with them to ascertain their thoughts and views about returning to work in September. They may want to consult their own GP or clinician about the prospect of returning to work.  If they do attend work then it should only be after an individual risk assessment has been conducted which identifies how they will be safeguarded on any return to the workplace including measures to support social distancing. If further guidance is issued on the position of these staff then this document will be updated accordingly.  Consider implementing additional control measures if vulnerable staff members are on site, referencing the individual risk assessment (e.g. social distancing, face masks)  Schools should note that there are circumstances in which those who are clinically extremely vulnerable could be advised to shield again. This could be the case if the situation changes and there is an increase in the transmission of COVID-19 in the community on a national or local level.  The names of the clinically extremely vulnerable will be kept securely on the shielded patient list by NHS Digital. They will write to relevant staff if the advice changes.  Any national changes will be reflected in the guidance issued by PHE or its successor.  Staff who are clinically extremely vulnerable and live in an area where additional public health measures require them to resume shielding, will be written to by the government and advised to stay at home.  Those who are clinically extremely vulnerable are advised not to enter any area where shielding advice is in place. |

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|  | STAFF WHO HAVE A MEMBER OF THEIR HOUSEHOLD WHO ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING ON THE CLINICALLY EXTREMELY VULNERABLE & SHIELDED GROUP | The latest DfE guidance is that these staff can attend the workplace  https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools | These staff may still be very anxious and a sensitive and confidential discussion with them to understand their concerns and anxieties would be beneficial. These staff may feel that an individual risk assessment would be supportive in allaying any concerns they have about returning to the workplace. |
|  | STAFF WHO ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING IN THE CLINICALLY VULNERABLE GROUP | As with the guidance for the clinically extremely vulnerable this group can go to work, if they cannot work from home, as long as the workplace is Covid secure  See below specific guidance for staff who are pregnant | These staff should by now have been contacted and a confidential and sensitive discussion held with them to ascertain their thoughts and views about returning to work in September. They may want to consult their own GP or clinician about the prospect of returning to work.  If they do attend work then it should only be after an individual risk assessment has been conducted which identifies how they will be safeguarded on any return to the workplace.  Consider implementing additional control measures if vulnerable staff are on site. referencing the individual risk assessment (e.g. social distancing, face masks) |
|  | STAFF WHO HAVE A MEMBER OF THEIR HOUSEHOLD IDENTIFIED AS BEING IN THE CLINICALLY VULNERABLE GROUP | The latest DfE guidance is that these staff can attend the workplace  https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools | These staff may still be very anxious and a sensitive and confidential discussion with them to understand their concerns and anxieties would be beneficial. These staff may feel that an individual risk assessment would be supportive in allaying any concerns they have about returning to the workplace. |

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|  | STAFF WHO ARE PREGNANT | Pregnant women are in the ‘clinically vulnerable’ category, and are generally advised to follow the above advice, which applies to all staff in schools. Employers should conduct a risk assessment for pregnant women in line with the model on the EgFL - <https://www.egfl.org.uk/facilities/health-and-safety/new-expectant-mothers>  As well as the standard risk assessment for pregnant staff (which may have already been completed by the school), you will need to undertake an individual staff risk assessment. Effectively we would expect then to see two risk assessments for pregnant staff, details as per the comments column. | The Royal College of Obstetrics and Gynaecology (RCOG) has published [occupational health advice for employers and pregnant women](https://www.rcog.org.uk/en/guidelines-research-services/guidelines/coronavirus-pregnancy/). **This document includes advice for women from 28 weeks gestation or with underlying health conditions who may be at greater risk**. We advise employers and pregnant women to follow this advice and to continue to monitor for future updates to it.  If as a result of conducting a risk assessment or as a result of concerns raised about the woman’s health or pregnancy, then we would expect the woman’s GP or clinician to provide a medical opinion confirming if the employee is fit to return to work.  If the GP says the employee can only work from home and the school cannot give them work to do from home or provide any other suitable alternative work, then effectively the employee ends up on medical suspension relating to their pregnancy (on full pay) until circumstances change or maternity leave starts. Please talk to your HR adviser in these circumstances.  The two risk assessments are:   1. The standard risk assessment an employer would carry out for any worker that confirms that she is pregnant – this is available on the Egfl on this link  - <https://www.egfl.org.uk/facilities/health-and-safety/new-expectant-mothers> 2. The individual Covid risk assessment that is conducted for staff – this is available on the September opening page of egfl ( <https://www.egfl.org.uk/coronavirus> )  under the heading “individual risk assessment and support plan template”   So effectively the first RA is something that would be completed for all workers who confirm they are pregnant (e.g. regardless of Covid) and the second RA is Covid related and applies to pregnant women given their clinically vulnerable status |
| 11. | STAFF WHO ARE SICK WITH A NON COVID RELATED ILLNESS OR ABSENCE | Follow Standard sickness absence procedures | Enter details of absence on ITrent system or your own HR system  Follow processes including referral to OH if appropriate.  Continue to talk to HR about the management of these absences during these exceptional times.  Understand that there may be a delay in obtaining medical certificates at this time |

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| 12. | STAFF WHO ARE RELUCTANT TO ATTEND WORK DUE TO ANXIETY FOR THEIR OWN SAFETY RELATED TO COVID 19 AND WHO MAY OTHERWISE BE AT INCREASED RISK FROM COVID 19 | Supportive approach to be taken to understand the concerns of the employee.  Reassure, support and identify how/if you can relieve anxiety or provide reassurance.  Consult HR on a case by case basis.  Consider advising that they seek medical advice if anxiety severe.  Before reaching a point where consideration of any formal action including reference to a breach of contractual obligation discuss with HR. | Some people with particular characteristics may be at comparatively increased risk from coronavirus (COVID-19), as set out in the [COVID-19: review of disparities in risks and outcomes report](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-review-of-disparities-in-risks-and-outcomes), which looked at different factors including age and sex, where people live, deprivation, ethnicity, people’s occupation and care home residence. These staff can return to school in September as long as the system of controls set out in the DfE guidance (<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools>) are in place. The reasons for the disparities are complex and there is ongoing research to understand and translate these findings for individuals in the future.  Wellbeing resources to provide support and help can be found on this link  <https://www.egfl.org.uk/sites/default/files/Main/Staff%20Wellbeing.pdf>  This could include staff from a BAME background who may have concerns and in these circumstances we would ask that headteachers/managers have a conversation (framed within a confidential and sensitive approach) with the member of staff to understand their concerns.  There is guidance and an individual risk assessment on the EgFL at this link <https://www.egfl.org.uk/coronavirus> - see last two documents under the heading ‘Planning a phased return to school’  People who live with those who have comparatively increased risk from coronavirus (COVID-19) can attend the workplace. |
| 13 | STAFF WHO WILL NOT ATTEND WORK DUE TO ANXIETY ABOUT TRANSMITTING THE VIRUS TO CLINICALLY VULNERABLE AND CLINICALLY EXTREMELY VULNERABLE HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS | See 7 and 9 above for staff living with clinically vulnerable and clinically extremely vulnerable household member  Supportive approach to be taken to understand concerns of employee.  Reassure, support and identify how/if you can relieve anxiety.  Consult HR on a case by case basis.  Consider advising that they seek medical advice if anxiety severe.  Before reaching a point where consideration of any formal action including reference to a breach of contractual obligation discuss with HR.  Staff can be advised to contact their trade union for advice and support | Wellbeing resources to provide support and help can be found on this link  <https://www.egfl.org.uk/sites/default/files/Main/Staff%20Wellbeing.pdf> |
| 14 | STAFF WHO ARE REQUIRED TO SELF-ISOLATE (QUARANTINE) AFTER RETURN TO THE UK OR PRIOR TO HOSPITAL ADMISSION | Staff returning from a country which is not on the ‘exempt’ list will be required to self-isolate for a period of 14 days.  Please see details in this link for the list of exempt countries and the process for self-isolating  https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-how-to-self-isolate-when-you-travel-to-the-uk/coronavirus-covid-19-how-to-self-isolate-when-you-travel-to-the-uk | Guidance on these requirements was issued in a joint document by the LGA, the NAHT and ASCL in June. That document is provided here:    The document provides some useful guidance on matters that may be considered if a member of staff has to self-isolate. Please consult HR if you consider that the circumstances of the case suggest that unpaid leave should be granted for a member of staff returning to the UK from a country not on the ‘exempt’ list. |
| 15 | STAFF WHO CANNOT ATTEND WORK DUE TO CHILDCARE RESPONSIBILITIES | Check and understand background to childcare concerns and ascertain why they cannot now revert to childcare provisions that were in place prior to lockdown.  Is the breakdown in childcare provision temporary?  Can you be more flexible (e.g. with working hours) on a short-term basis to support them being able to work while they make permanent/long term arrangements for childcare?  Can childcare responsibility be shared (e.g. with partner)? | Can they work from home for a short period whilst they arrange childcare provisions?  Is this beyond their control or is it a matter of choice (e.g. they do not want to send their child to nursery/school even if a place available)  Consult with HR on a case by case basis especially if having exhausted all other options you are considering a period of unpaid leave  Consistency in approach |
| 16 | STAFF WHO DO NOT ATTEND WORK DUE TO CONCERNS OVER USING PUBLIC TRANSPORT | Can they use another form of transport to get to work, cycle, walk, car?  Govt advice currently is to avoid using Public transport if possible, if not observe social distancing rules and wear a face mask.  To what extent is it possible to review hours to support travel outside peak times. This may be possible for some staff but not others. | Parking dispensations still apply for key workers (incl teachers) untilAug 31st 2020.  Consider Govt advice - <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-safer-travel-guidance-for-passengers>  Wef 15 June 2020 it will be mandatory to wear a face covering when using public transport |

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| 17 | STAFF WHO HAVE CARING RESPONSIBILITIES FOR (a) CLINICALLY EXTREMELY VULNERABLE OR (b) CLINICALLY VULNERABLE HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS  ‘ | Consider the different approaches in 6 and 8 above for staff in these categories and establish with the employee whether the circumstances of the person they are caring for have changed. If not then the staff member may have to make a decision about their longer term position.  Please discuss these on a case by case basis with HR. | See advice for member of staff on this link <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-providing-unpaid-care> |
| 18 | STAFF WHO HAVE EXPERIENCED A BEREAVEMENT LINKED TO COVID 19 | Bereavement Leave Provisions to be applied.  Discuss with HR | Please refer to guidance on this link  <https://www.london.gov.uk/coronavirus/how-cope-bereavement-and-grief-during-coronavirus-outbreak> |
| 19 | Staff who have other paid employment as ‘Carers’ and work with CLINICALLY EXTREMELY VULNERABLE & SHIELDED GROUP & CLINICALLY VULNERABLE people | These staff may ask not to attend work due to their other paid employment. It will be reasonable to have a discussion with them and establish if they intend to request a permanent change in their contractual arrangements with the school.  The school may or may not be able to accommodate a request for a permanent contractual change. |  |

Schools can request evidence from an employee to support their absence from school, much the same as they would receive a medical certificate to cover sickness absence, subject to the following:

1. A consistent approach must be maintained, please do not ask some staff for evidence but not others
2. Any information received must be treated in strictest confidence and not shared with other staff
3. In some instances, staff may not be able to provide evidence (e.g. someone who is symptomatic and self-isolating) and those reporting in these circumstances should be accepted on face value